

Random-matrix behavior
in the energy spectrum of the Sachdev-Ye-Kitaev model
and in the Lyapunov spectra of classical chaos systems

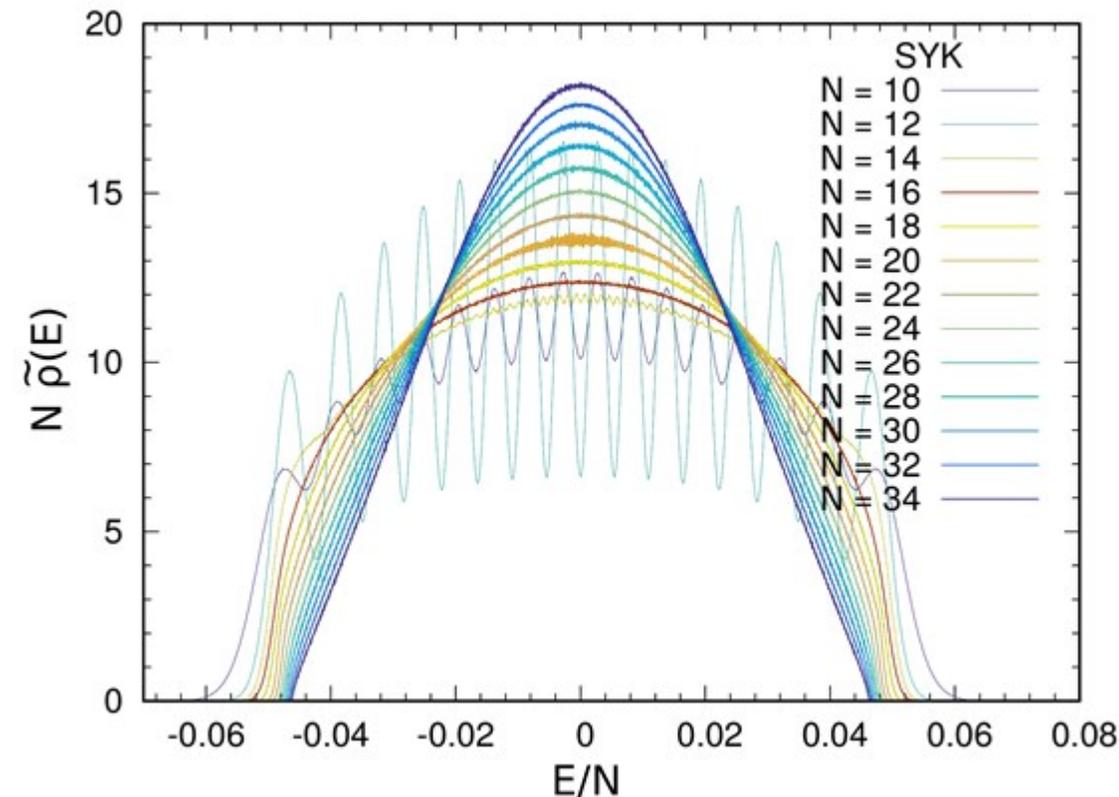
SYK model

J. S. Cotler, ..., MT, JHEP **1705**, 118 (2017)
(arXiv:1611.04650)

$$\hat{H} = \frac{\sqrt{3!}}{N^{3/2}} \sum_{1 \leq a < b < c < d \leq N} J_{abcd} \hat{\chi}_a \hat{\chi}_b \hat{\chi}_c \hat{\chi}_d$$

[A. Kitaev: talks at KITP (Apr 7 and May 27, 2015)]

1. Solvable at large- N (strong coupling when $\beta J \gg 1$),
finite entropy / N at $T \rightarrow 0$
2. Holographically corresponds to 1+1D black holes
3. Satisfies the chaos bound
“Fast quantum information scrambler”
(Conjectured upper bound of the Lyapunov exponent
 $\lambda_L = 2\pi k_B T / \hbar$ realized, as in black holes)



Random-matrix behavior

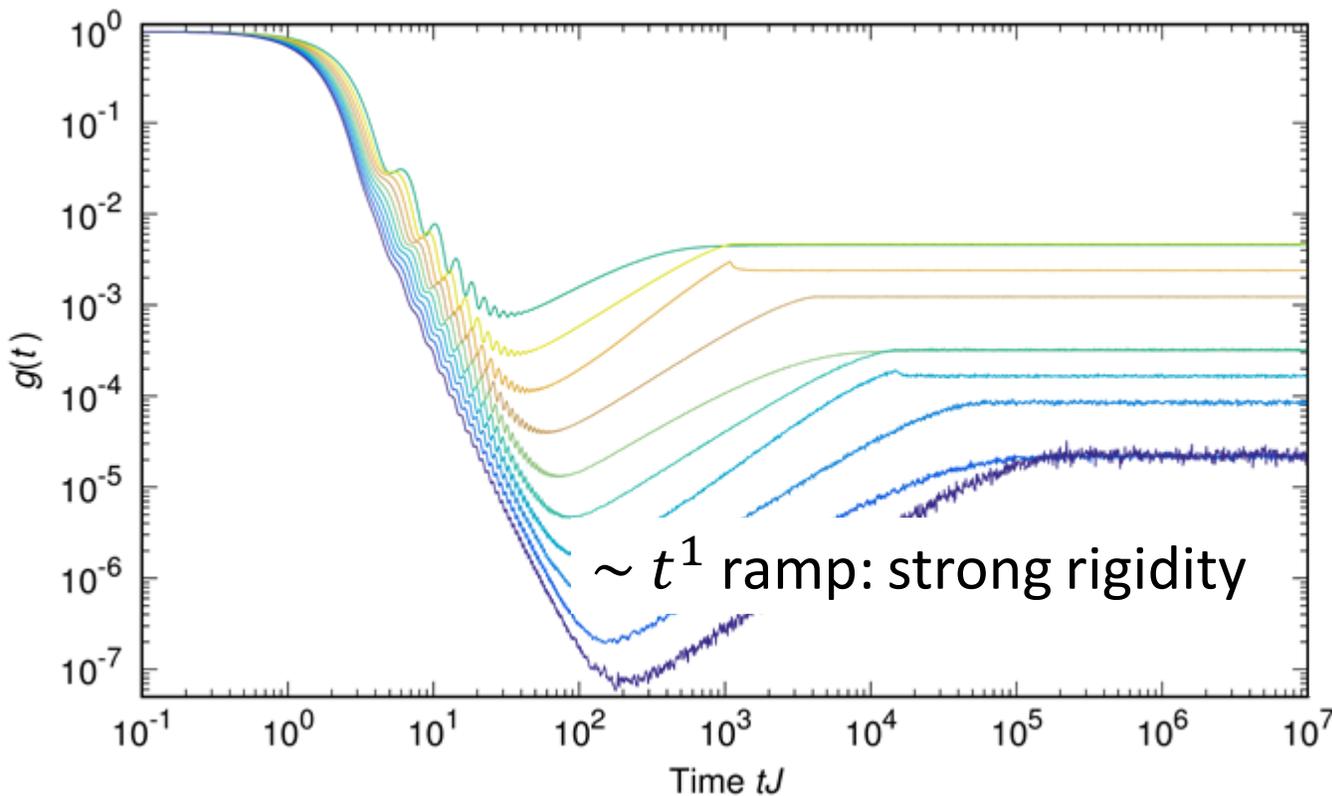
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[You, Ludwig, Xu 2017]

Spectral form factor

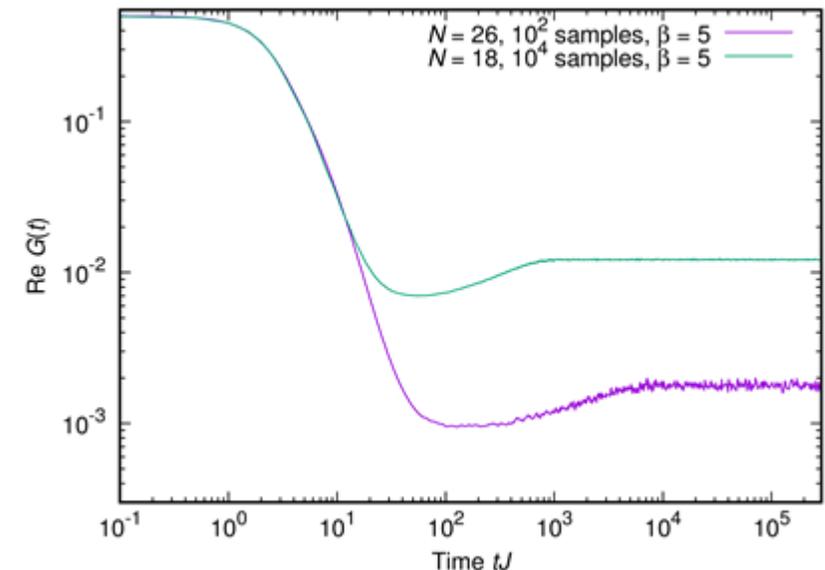
$$g(\beta, t) = \frac{\langle |Z(\beta, t)|^2 \rangle_J}{\langle Z(\beta) \rangle_J^2} \quad Z(\beta, t) = \text{Tr}(e^{-\beta \hat{H} - i \hat{H} t})$$



$N_\chi \pmod{8}$	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
qdim	1	$\sqrt{2}$	2	$2\sqrt{2}$	2	$2\sqrt{2}$	2	$\sqrt{2}$
lev. stat.	GOE	GOE	GUE	GSE	GSE	GSE	GUE	GOE

- $N = 16$ —
- $N = 18$ —
- $N = 20$ —
- $N = 22$ —
- $N = 24$ —
- $N = 26$ —
- $N = 28$ —
- $N = 30$ —
- $N = 32$ —
- $N = 34$ —

$$G(t) = \langle \chi_a(t) \chi_a(0) \rangle$$

Dip-ramp-plateau structure similar to $g(\beta, t)$ for $N \equiv 2 \pmod{8}$ 

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Deviation at t initial infinitesimal deviation

$$\delta\phi_i(t) = T_{ij}\delta\phi_j(0)$$

M. Hanada, H. Shimada, and MT,

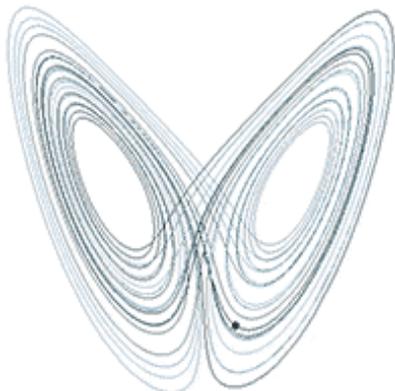
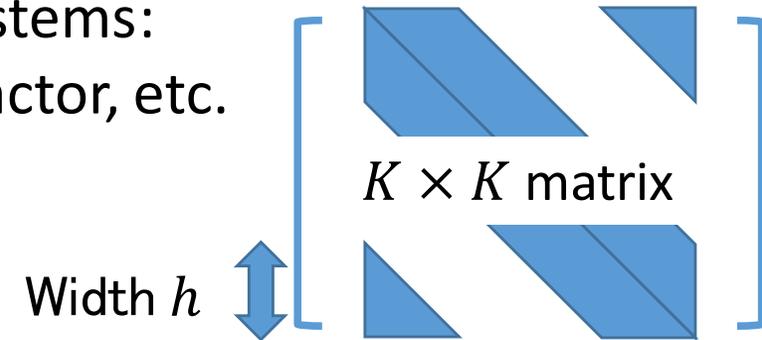
Phys. Rev. E **97**, 022224 (2018) (arXiv:1702.06935)

Singular values of T_{ij} : $\{a_k(t)\}_{k=1}^K$
Time-dependent Lyapunov spectrum

$$\left\{ \lambda_k(t) = \frac{\log a_k(t)}{t} \right\}_{k=1,2,\dots,K}$$

Spectral correlation in $\lambda_k(t)$ observed for various classical chaos systems:
Logistic map, Lorenz attractor, etc.

Random matrix product

Ongoing work

Quantum chaos systems e.g. the SYK model:
Definition of Lyapunov spectra and study of its behavior